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Cadiz, Aug. 1.

THE Prince Regent of *Portugal* having sent seven Men of War to assist the Spaniards, in order to the relief of *Oran*, which is besieged by the Moors both by Sea and Land; they sailed from hence two days since with three Spanish Men of War to execute the said design. We have advice that a Portugueze Man of War having met three Algerines on the Coast of *Portugal*, after a sharp dispute sunk one of them being mounted with 30 Guns, upon which the other two fled.

Kinsale, Aug. 28. On Sunday last came in here the *John* and *Robert*, and the *Blessing* of this place, laden with Tobacco from *Antego*. This day arrived here two private Men of War belonging to *Flushing* in *Zealand*, the one of 18, the other of 14 Guns, having with them 3 French Prizes, laden with dry Fish from *Newfoundland*.

Pendennis, Sept. 4. The Wind being S. and S. W. keeps the *Portland* and *Newcastle* Frigats, with the Merchantmen under their Convoy in this Harbor.

Deale, Sept. 6. Yesterday the Fleet of Merchantmen, consisting in about 200 sail outward bound, sailed out of the *Downes*. The Wind continues very fresh at N. E.

Vienna, Aug. 22. We expect every hour the Count *de Caplieres*, Commissary General of the Imperial Army, who comes to receive the Emperors directions about ordering the Winter-quarters, for which the States of the Empire have offered to satisfie in mony, praying his Imperial Majesty that he would leave his Troops on the Frontiers of *France*, that they may be nearer the Enemy, to hinder their incursions in the Winter, and the early designs they may have the next year. All the discourse here is of making great Levies and Recruits against the next Campagne, though the ill success of this seems to have much disheartned the generality of people. We are in expectation to hear in few days of the surrender of *Stetin*.

Ditto, Sept. 2. From *Hungary* we have advice, that the Rebels had formed a design to surprize *Zatmar*, to effect which the Prince of *Transilvania* had promised them several Troops, which were already on their march; but the persons with whom the Rebels held a correspondence in *Zatmar* having been happily discovered and arrested, the enterprize failed, and the Troops of the Prince of *Transilvania* are returning home again. So soon as General *Cobs* arrives in *Hungary*, where he is appointed to command the Emperors Forces, we expect something of moment will be undertaken against the Rebels. Two days since the new Venetian Ambassador made his publick Entry here. The Emperor has changed his resolution of going to *Neustadt*, but will go and pass some time at *Ebersdorf*. The Letters we receive from our Army say, that they had suffered very much in their march, being some time in great want of Provisions, by reason of their advancing to the *Meuse*, where they could have no Magazines; which, it's said, the Duke of *Lorrain* did at the instance of the Confederates in *Flanders*, of whom he therefore complains, for having by their proceedings broken all his measures, and not only engaged him in so difficult a march, but likewise rendred it altogether fruitless. The Princes and States of the Empire use great sollicitations at this Court to be exempted from furnishing Winter-quarters, as what would compleat the ruine of their respective Countries.

From the Camp before Stetin, *Sept.* 6. The 4th instant at night, the Besieged made another Sally, and fell into the quarter of Colonel *Schening*, though without any considerable success; the last night they somewhat incommoded our men that were in the Trenches, shooting upon them with Stones out of two Mortar-pieces. The ill weather has very much hindred us, but we are now on all sides within 100 paces of the Counterscarp. This day we have planted most of our Cannon on the great Battery; on that in the Brandenburgs quarter is mounted 36 pieces of Cannon; on that in the Lunenburgs 18; all whole and half Cannon; besides other Batteries, on which will be planted 40 Mortar-pieces, which, it's not to be doubted, but will do terrible execution.

Copenhagen, Sept. 7. This afternoon the Queen was happily brought to Bed of a young Princess. Yesterday his Majesty passed over to *Landscroon*, to give the necessary orders, from whence he returned this evening. From *Schonen* we have advice, that the rainy weather we have had of late, hath obliged the King of *Sweden* to put his Army into quarters, his head-quarter being at *Dachstrup*. The ill weather has been likewise the occasion that we have not as yet any news from our Fleet, which we expect with some impatience, because of the great shooting that was heard the 22 past by Vessels come from the *Baltick*.

Hamburg, Sept. 10. The Letters we receive from *Denmark* say, That the King having provided *Landscroon* with Ammunition, Provisions, and other things necessary, had drawn most of his Troops out of *Schonen*, and was going to embark them; That it was not certainly known what his Majesties design is, some saying he will go and attack the Isle of *Rugen*; others, that he will make a descent at *Calmar*, while the most general opinion is, that he will go and join the Sieur *Guldenlieu* in *Norway*, in order to the besieging of *Gottenburg*. The Inhabitants of *Stetin* show not as yet any disposition to come to a Treaty; and we are assured that they are much more resolute than the Soldiers, of whom there is about 1700 in Garison, and about 5000 Burghers, who bear Arms. The great hopes of the Besiegers are in their Cannon and Mortar-pieces, of both which they have 250, all mounted; or at least the greatest part.

Francfort, Sept. 8. The Imperial Commissary has been here, and at *Spire*, to order the Winter-quarters for the Imperial Army, which is coming towards the *Rhine*; he is gone to *Vienna*, to give the Emperor an account of the distribution he has made, and to have his approbation.

Cologne, Sept. 10. There is a Treaty said to be concluded